University of Mumbai



Bachelor of Engineering

in

Computer Engineering

Second Year with Effect from AY 2020-21

Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-22

Final Year with Effect from AY 2022-23

(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

University of Mumbai



Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Fourth Year Engineering (Computer Engineering)
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	P.G. / U.G./-Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Pattern	Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable)
8	Status	New/ Revised (Strike out which is not applicable)
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year:2021-2022

Dr. S.K.Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr. Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23, 2023-24, respectively.

Dr. S.K. Ukarande Dr Anuradha Muzumdar

Associate Dean Dean

Faculty of Science and Technology Faculty of Science and Technology

University of Mumbai University of Mumbai

Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from NPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S.K.Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Third Year Computer Engineering syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2021-22 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting, challenging, fulfill certain needs and expectations.

Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students. The syllabus needs revision in terms of preparing the student for the professional scenario relevant and suitable to cater the needs of industry in present day context. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquainted with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus is finalized through a brain storming session attended by Heads of Departments or senior faculty from the Department of Computer Engineering of the affiliated Institutes of the Mumbai University. The syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

- 1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
- 2. The department Optional Courses will provide the relevant specialization within the branch to a student.
- Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
- 4. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Prof. Sunil Bhirud : Chairman Prof. SunitaPatil : Member Prof. Leena Ragha : Member Prof. Subhash Shinde : Member Prof .Meera Narvekar : Member Prof. Suprtim Biswas : Member Prof. Sudhir Sawarkar : Member Prof. Dayanand Ingle : Member Prof. Satish Ket : Member

Program Structure for Fourth Year Computer Engineering UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)

Semester VII

Course	Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
Code	Course Name	Theo	Theory Prac		Т	heory	Pract.		Total	
CSC701	Machine Learning	3				3			3	
CSC702	Big Data Analytics	3				3			3	
CSDC 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3	3				3			3	
CSDC 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4	3				3			3	
ILO 701X	Institute Level Optional Course-1	3				3			3	
CSL701	Machine Learning Lab			2			1		1	
CSL702	Big Data Analytics Lab			2			1		1	
CSDL 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3 Lab			2			1		1	
CSDL 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4 Lab			2			1		1	
CSP701	Major Project 1			6#			3		3	
	Total	15		14		15	7		22	
			•		Exam	ination Sci	heme			
			Theory					Pract. & oral	Total	
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg						
CSC701	Machine Learning	20	20	20	80	3			100	
CSC702	Big Data Analysis	20	20	20	80	3			100	
CSDC 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3	20	20	20	80	3			100	
CSDC 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4	20	20	20	80	3			100	
ILO 701X	Institute Level Optional Course-1	20	20	20	80	3			100	
CSL701	Machine Learning Lab						25	25	50	
CSL702	Big Data Analytics Lab				-		25	25	50	
CSDL 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3 Lab						25	-	25	
	Department Level						25	_	25	
CSDL 702X	Optional Course-4 Lab						23	_	23	
							50 150	25 75	75 725	

Program Structure for Fourth Year Computer Engineering UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)

Semester VIII

Course Name		Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)					Credits Assigned			
Code	Course realite	r	Theory		Pract. Tut.	Theor	y Pr	ract.	Total	
CSC801	Distributed Computing		3			3			3	
CSDC 801X	Department Level Optional Course -5		3			3			3	
CSDC 802X	Department Level Optional Course -6		3			3			3	
ILO 801X	Institute Level Optional Course -2		3			3			3	
CSL801	Distributed Computing Lab				2			1	1	
CSDL 801X	Department Level Optional Course -5 Lab				2			1	1	
CSDL 802X	Department Level Optional Course -6 Lab				2			1	1	
CSP801	Major Project 2				12#			6	6	
	Total		12		18	12 9		21		
					Examina	tion Schem	ne			
C		Theory				Term Work	Pract & oral	Total		
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessmen			End Sem	Exam				
					Exam	Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg						
CSC801	Distributed Computing		Test						100	
CSC801 CSDC 801X	Distributed Computing Department Level Optional Course -5	1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)			100	
CSDC	Department Level Optional	20	Test 2 20	Avg 20	Exam 80	(in Hrs)				
CSDC 801X CSDC	Department Level Optional Course -5 Department Level Optional	1 20 20	Test 2 20 20	Avg 20 20	80 80	3 3			100	
CSDC 801X CSDC 802X ILO	Department Level Optional Course -5 Department Level Optional Course -6 Institute Level Optional	1 20 20 20	Test 2 20 20 20	Avg 20 20 20	80 80 80	3 3 3			100	
CSDC 801X CSDC 802X ILO 801X	Department Level Optional Course -5 Department Level Optional Course -6 Institute Level Optional Course -2 Distributed Computing Lab Department Level Optional Course -5 Lab	1 20 20 20 20 20	Test 2 20 20 20 20	Avg 20 20 20 20 20	80 80 80 80	3 3 3 3			100 100 100	
CSDC 801X CSDC 802X ILO 801X CSL801	Department Level Optional Course -5 Department Level Optional Course -6 Institute Level Optional Course -2 Distributed Computing Lab Department Level Optional	1 20 20 20 20 20	Test 2 20 20 20 20	20 20 20 20 20	80 80 80 80	3 3 3 	 25	 25	100 100 100 50	

Major Project 1 and 2:

Total

Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four)

80

320

175

125

700

Faculty Load: In Semester VII – ½ hour per week per project group In Semester VIII – 1 hour per week per project group

Program Structure for Computer Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)

Department and Institute Optional Courses and Labs

Semester	Department/ Institute Optional Courses and Labs	Subject
	Department Optional Course -3	CSDC7011: Machine Vision CSDC7012: Quantum Computing CSDC7013: Natural Language Processing
	Department Optional Lab -3	CSDL7011: Machine Vision Lab CSDL7012: Quantum Computing Lab CSDL7013: Natural Language Processing Lab
	Department Optional Course -4	CSDC7021 : Augmented and Virtual Reality CSDC7022 : Block Chain CSDC7023 : Information Retrieval
VII	Department Optional Lab -4	CSDL7021 : Augmented and Virtual Reality Lab CSDL7022 : Block Chain Lab CSDL7023 : Information Retrieval Lab
	Institute level Optional Courses-I	ILO7011. Product Lifecycle Management ILO7012. Reliability Engineering ILO7013. Management Information System ILO7014. Design of Experiments ILO7015. Operation Research ILO7016. Cyber Security and Laws ILO7017. Disaster Management & Mitigation Measures ILO7018. Energy Audit and Management ILO7019. Development Engineering

Program Structure for Computer Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)

Department and Institute Optional Courses and Labs

Semester	Department/ Institute Optional Courses and Labs	Subject
	Department Optional Course -5	CSDC8011 : Deep Learning CSDC8012 : Digital Forensic CSDC8013 : Applied Data Science
	Department Optional Lab -5	CSDL8011 : Deep Learning Lab CSDL8012 : Digital Forensic Lab CSDL8013 : Applied Data Science Lab
	Department Optional Course -6	CSDC8021 : Optimization in Machine Learning CSDC8022: High Performance Computing CSDC8023: Social Media Analytics
VIII	Department Optional Lab -6	CSDL8021 : Optimization in Machine Learning Lab CSDL8022: High Performance Computing Lab CSDL8023: Social Media Analytics Lab
	Institute level Optional Courses-II	ILO8021. Project Management ILO8022. Finance Management ILO8023. Entrepreneurship Development and Management ILO8024. Human Resource Management ILO8025. Professional Ethics and CSR ILO8026. Research Methodology ILO8027. IPR and Patenting ILO8028. Digital Business Management ILO8029. Environmental Management

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSC701	Machine Learning	3

Prerequ	Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Data Structures, Algorithms			
Course	Objectives:			
1	To introduce the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning.			
2	To acquire in depth understanding of various supervised and unsupervised algorithms			
3	To be able to apply various ensemble techniques for combining ML models.			
4	To demonstrate dimensionality reduction techniques.			
Course	Course Outcomes:			
1	To acquire fundamental knowledge of developing machine learning models.			
2	To select, apply and evaluate an appropriate machine learning model for the given			
3	To demonstrate ensemble techniques to combine predictions from different models.			
4	To demonstrate the dimensionality reduction techniques.			

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction to Machine Learning	04
		Machine Learning, Types of Machine Learning, Issues in Machine	
	1.1	Learning, Application of Machine Learning, Steps in developing a	
		Machine Learning Application.	
	1.2	Training Error, Generalization error, Overfitting, Underfitting, Bias-	
	1.2	Variance trade-off.	
2		Learning with Regression and Trees	09
	2.1	Learning with Regression: Linear Regression, Multivariate Linear Regression, Logistic Regression.	
	2.2	Learning with Trees: Decision Trees, Constructing Decision Trees using Gini Index (Regression), Classification and Regression Trees (CART)	
	2.3	Performance Metrics: Confusion Matrix, [Kappa Statistics], Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, Recall, F-measure, ROC curve	
3		Ensemble Learning	06
	2.1	Understanding Ensembles, K-fold cross validation, Boosting, Stumping,	
	3.1	XGBoost	
	2.0	Bagging, Subagging, Random Forest, Comparison with Boosting,	
	3.2	Different ways to combine classifiers	
4		Learning with Classification	08
		Support Vector Machine	
	4.1	Constrained Optimization, Optimal decision boundary, Margins and	
	4.1	support vectors, SVM as constrained optimization problem, Quadratic	
		Programming, SVM for linear and nonlinear classification, Basics of	

		Kernel trick.	
	4.2	Support Vector Regression, Multiclass Classification	
5		Learning with Clustering	07
	5.1	Introduction to clustering with overview of distance metrics and major	
	3.1	clustering approaches.	
		Graph Based Clustering: Clustering with minimal spanning tree	
	5.2	Model based Clustering: Expectation Maximization Algorithm,	
		Density Based Clustering: DBSCAN	
6		Dimensionality Reduction	05
	6.1	Dimensionality Reduction Techniques, Principal Component Analysis,	
	0.1	Linear Discriminant Analysis, Singular Valued Decomposition.	
	•	Total	39

Textbooks: 1 Peter Harrington, "Machine Learning n Action", DreamTech Press 2 Ethem Alpaydın, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press 3 Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning" McGraw Hill 4 Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning An Algorithmic Perspective", CRC Press References: 1 Han Kamber, —Data Mining Concepts and Techniquesl, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers 2 Margaret. H. Dunham, —Data Mining Introductory and Advanced Topics, Pearson Education 3 Kevin P. Murphy, Machine Learning — A Probabilistic Perspectivel 4 Samir Roy and Chakraborty, —Introduction to soft computingl, Pearson Edition. 5 Richard Duda, Peter Hart, David G. Stork, "Pattern Classification", Second Edition, Wiley Publications. Assessment: Internal Assessment: Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approximately 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour. End Semester Theory Examination: 1 Question paper will comprise a total of six questions. 2 All question carries equal marks 3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)					
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Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approximately 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour. End Semester Theory Examination: Question paper will comprise a total of six questions. All question carries equal marks Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	Asses	sment:			
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1 Question paper will comprise a total of six questions. 2 All question carries equal marks 3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	when	approximately 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 40%			
All question carries equal marks Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	End S	demester Theory Examination:			
Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	1	Question paper will comprise a total of six questions.			
then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	2	All question carries equal marks			
4 Only Four questions need to be solved	3				
Only Four questions need to be solved.	4	Only Four questions need to be solved.			

5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective
	lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

Usefu	Useful Digital Links				
1	Data sets for Machine Learning algorithms: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets				
2	Machine Learning repository- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/index.php				
3	Machine Learning from Coursera				
4	https://towardsdatascience.com/machine-learning/home				
5	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs85/preview				

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC702	Big Data Analysis	03

Prei	Prerequisite: Database, Data mining.		
Cou	rse Objectives: The course aims:		
1	To provide an overview of the big data platforms, its use cases and Hadoop ecosystem.		
2	To introduce programming skills to build simple solutions using big data technologies such as MapReduce, Scripting for No SQL and R		
3	To learn the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.		
4	To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems for decision support.		
Cou	rse Outcomes:		
1	Understand the building blocks of Big Data Analytics.		
2	Apply fundamental enabling techniques like Hadoop and MapReduce in solving real world problems.		
3	Understand different NoSQL systems and how it handles big data.		
4	Apply advanced techniques for emerging applications like stream analytics.		
5	Achieve adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications, etc.		
6	Apply statistical computing techniques and graphics for analyzing big data.		

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction to Big Data and Hadoop	2
	1.1	Introduction to Big Data - Big Data characteristics and Types of Big Data	
	1.2	Traditional vs. Big Data business approach	
	1.3	Case Study of Big Data Solutions	
	1.4	Concept of Hadoop, Core Hadoop Components; Hadoop Ecosystem	
2		Hadoop HDFS and MapReduce	8
	2.1	Distributed File Systems: Physical Organization of Compute Nodes, Large-Scale File-System Organization.	
	2.2	MapReduce: The Map Tasks, Grouping by Key, The Reduce Tasks, Combiners, Details of MapReduce Execution, Coping With Node Failures.	
	2.3	Algorithms Using MapReduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication by MapReduce, Relational-Algebra Operations, Computing Selections by MapReduce, Computing Projections by MapReduce, Union ,Intersection, and Difference by MapReduce	

	2.4	Hadoop Limitations	
3		NoSQL	10
3		NOSQL	10
	3.1	Introduction to NoSQL, NoSQL Business Drivers	
	3.2	NoSQL Data Architecture Patterns: Key-value stores, Graph stores, Column family (Bigtable)stores, Document stores, Variations of NoSQL architectural patterns, NoSQL Case Study	
	3.3	NoSQL solution for big data, Understanding the types of big data problems; Analyzing big data with a shared-nothing architecture; Choosing distribution models: master-slave versus peer-to-peer; NoSQL systems to handle big data problems.	
4		Mining Data Streams	11
	4.1	The Stream Data Model: A Data-Stream-Management System, Examples of Stream Sources, Stream Queries, Issues in Stream Processing.	
	4.2	Sampling Data techniques in a Stream	
	4.3	Filtering Streams: Bloom Filter with Analysis.	
	4.4	Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream, Count- Distinct Problem, Flajolet-Martin Algorithm, Combining Estimates, Space Requirements	
	4.5	Counting Ones in a Window: The Cost of Exact Counts, The Datar-Gionis-Indyk-Motwani Algorithm, Query Answering in the DGIM Algorithm, Decaying Windows.	
5		Real-Time Big Data Models	4
	5.1	A Model for Recommendation Systems, Content-Based Recommendations, Collaborative Filtering	
	5.2	Case Study: Product Recommendation	
	5.3	Social Networks as Graphs, Clustering of Social-Network Graphs, Direct Discovery of Communities in a social graph	
6		Data Analytics with R	4
	6.1	Exploring Basic features of R, Exploring RGUI, Exploring RStudio, Handling Basic Expressions in R, Variables in R, Working with Vectors, Storing and Calculating Values in R, Creating and using Objects, Interacting with users, Handling data in R workspace, Executing Scripts, Creating Plots, Accessing help and documentation in R	
	6.2	Reading datasets and Exporting data from R, Manipulating and Processing Data in R, Using functions instead of script, built-in functions in R	
	6.3	Data Visualization: Types, Applications	

Textboo	Textbooks:		
1	Cre Anand Rajaraman and Jeff Ullman —Mining of Massive Datasetsl, Cambridge		
	UniversityPress		
2	Alex Holmes —Hadoop in Practicel, Manning Press, Dreamtech Press.		
3	Dan Mcary and Ann Kelly —Making Sense of NoSQL – A guide for managers and the		
	rest of us, Manning Press.		
4	DT Editorial Services, "Big Data Black Book", Dreamtech Press		
5	EMC Education Services,"Data Science and Big Data Analytics",Wiley		

Refere	References:		
1	Bill Franks, —Taming The Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities In HugeData		
	StreamsWithAdvancedAnalytics ,Wiley		
2	Chuck Lam, —Hadoop in Action, Dreamtech Press		
3	Jared Dean, —Big Data, Data Mining, and Machine Learning: Value Creation for		
	Business Leaders and Practitioners, Wiley India Private Limited, 2014.		
4	Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, —Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Morgan		
	Kaufmann Publishers, 3rd ed, 2010.		
5	Lior Rokach and Oded Maimon, —Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery		
	Handbookl, Springer, 2nd edition, 2010.		
6	Ronen Feldman and James Sanger, —The Text Mining Handbook: Advanced		
	Approaches in Analyzing Unstructured Datal, Cambridge University Press, 2006.		
7	Vojislav Kecman, —Learning and Soft Computing, MITPress, 2010.		

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

- 1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Usef	Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106104189	
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/big-data#courses	
3	3 https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106106169/L01.html	
4	4 https://www.coursera.org/learn/nosql-databases#syllabus	
5	5 https://www.coursera.org/learn/basic-recommender-systems#syllabus	

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDC7011	Machine Vision	03

Pre-requisite: Computer Graphics	
Course (Objectives: The course aims:
1	To understand the need and significance Machine Vision
2	To explore basics of image processing
3	To explore the components of Machine Vision System
4	To develop application using machine Vision
5	To study transformation, interpolation, filters.
Course (Dutcomes: Learners will be able to
1	Elaborate the components of Machine Vision Application
2	Perform image ,video preprocessing operations
3	Explain various transformations, interpolation.
4	Elaborate motion tracking in video.
5	Analyze and Implement appropriate filtering techniques for a given problem.
6	Develop applications based on machine vision

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Machine Vision	4
	Computer and Human Vision Systems., The Human Eye,	
	Computer versus Human Vision Systems, Evolution of	
	Computer Vision, Computer/Machine Vision and Image	
	Processing, Applications of Computer Vision	
2	Digital Image Fundamentals	8
	Digital Image, Monochrome and Color Images, Image Brightness	
	and Contrast., 2D, 3D, and 4D Images, Digital Image	
	Representation, Digital Image File Formats, Fundamental Image	
	Operations, Points, Edges, and Vertices, Point Operations,	
	Thresholding ,Brightness, Geometric Transformations , Spatial	
	Transformation, Affine Transformation, Image Interpolation	
	,Nearest-Neighbor Interpolation ,Bilinear Interpolation , Bi-cubic	
	Interpolation ,Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing.	
3	Machine Vision and System Components	8
	Machine Vision System, Machine Vision Camera: CCD and	
	CMOS Image Sensors, TDI Sensor, Camera Type - Area Scan	
	Cameras, Line Scan Cameras, Smart Cameras, Camera Lens-	
	Resolution, Contrast and Sharpness, Lenses and their parameters:	
	Types of Lenses, Lens Mounts, Lens Selection Examples-Field of	

		View Much larger than Camera sensor size or Smaller or close to Camera Sensor size, Machine Vision Lighting: Lighting: Light Sources in Machine Vision, Illumination Techniques-Backlighting, Front Lighting, Diffused Lighting, Oblique Lighting, Dark Field Lighting, Infrared and Ultraviolet Light, Filters, Machine Vision Software, Machine Vision Automation, Integration of Machine Vision Components	
4		Digital Image Processing for Machine Vision Applications	10
		Preprocessing., Image Filtering, Normalized Box Filter Gaussian Filter Bilateral Filter, Comparison of Filter Techniques, Sub sampling/Scaling Histogram, Image Segmentation, Threshold-Based Segmentation Edge-Based Segmentation First-Order Derivative Edge Detection. Second-Order Derivative Operators, Comparison of Edge Detection Techniques, Region-Based Segmentation Region Growing Methods, Region Split and Merge Method, Morphological Image Processing: Dilation, Erosion, Opening, Closing, Hit-or-Miss transformation, Object Recognition. Template Matching. Blob Analysis	
5		Motion Analysis	4
		Differential motion Analysis, Optical Flow, Analysis based on correspondence of interest points, Detection of specific motion Patterns, Video Tracking	
6		Emerging Trends in Machine Vision	5
	6.1	History of Industrial Revolution(s), Machine Vision and Industry 4.0, Emerging Vision Trends in Manufacturing, 3D Imaging, Emerging Vision Trends in Manufacturing,	
	6.2	Applications in Machine/ Computer Vision: Face detection, face recognition, eigen faces, car on roads	

Texth	Textbooks:	
1.	Sheila Anand and L.Priya, "A Guide for Machine Vision in Quality Control", Taylor & Francis Inc, Imprint CRC Press Inc, Dec 2019	
2.	Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Pearson	
3.	Carsten Stegar, Markus Ulrich, and Christian Wiedemann, "Machine Vision Algorithms and Applications", Second completely Revised and Enlarged Edition	
4.	Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image Processing Analysis and Machine Vision", Second Edition, Cengage Learning.	
Refer	References:	

1.	Chiranji Lal Chowdhary, Mamoun Alazab, Ankit Chaudhary, SaqibHakak and Thippa Reddy Gadekallu, "Computer Vision and Recognition Systems Using Machine and Deep Learning Approaches, Fundamentals, technologies and applications", IET COMPUTING SERIES 42
2	Joe Minichino Joseph Howse ,"Learning OpenCV 3 Computer Vision with Python", Second Edition, Packt Publishing Ltd.
3.	Alexander Hornberg,, "Handbook of Machine and Computer Vision The Guide for Developers and Users,

Assessm	ent:
Internal	Assessment:
conducte additiona	ent consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be d when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when 140% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103174	
2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-computer-vision-watson-opencv	
3	https://www.udacity.com/course/introduction-to-computer-visionud810	
4	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ee23/preview	

Course Code	Course Title	Credit
CSDC7012	Quantum Computing	3

_		ineering Mathematics, Data Structures and Algorithm, Python Programm	ning	
Course O				
1	To understand basics of quantum computing			
2		To understand mathematics required for quantum computing		
3		nderstand building blocks of quantum computing and design algorithms		
4	To understand quantum hardware principles and tools for quantum computing.			
Course O	utcome	s: After successful completion of the course student will be able to		
1	Unde	erstand basic concepts of quantum computing		
2		rate building blocks of quantum computing through architecture and ramming models.		
3		raise various mathematical models required for quantum computing		
4		uss various quantum hardware building principles.		
5	·	ify the various quantum algorithms		
6		ribe usage of tools for quantum computing.		
Module		Content	Hrs	
1.0		Introduction to Quantum Computing	7	
	1.1	Motivation for studying Quantum Computing		
		Origin of Quantum Computing		
		Quantum Computer vs. Classical Computer		
		Introduction to Quantum mechanics		
		Overview of major concepts in Quantum Computing		
	1.2	Qubits and multi-qubits states		
		Bloch Sphere representation		
		Quantum Superposition		
		Quantum Entanglement		
		Major players in the industry (IBM, Microsoft, Rigetti, D-Wave		
		etc.)		
2.0		Mathematical Foundations for Quantum Computing	05	
	2.1	Matrix Algebra: basis vectors and orthogonality, inner product and		
		Hilbert spaces, matrices and tensors, unitary operators and		
		projectors, Dirac notation, Eigen values and Eigen vectors.		
3.0		Building Blocks for Quantum Program	08	

			
	3.1	Architecture of a Quantum Computing platform Details of q-bit system of information representation:	
		Block Sphere	
		Multi-qubits States Quantum superposition of qubits (valid and	
		invalid superposition)	
		Quantum Entanglement	
		Useful states from quantum algorithmic perceptive e.g. Bell State	
		Operation on qubits: Measuring and transforming using gates.	
		Quantum Logic gates and Circuit No Cloning Theorem and Teleportation	
		No Clothing Theorem and Teleportation	
	3.2	Programming model for a Quantum Computing Program	
	3.2	Steps performed on classical computer	
		Steps performed on Quantum Computer	
		Moving data between bits and qubits.	
4.0		Quantum Algorithms and Error correction	06
	4.1	Quantum Algorithms, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm.	
		Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch -Jozsa Algorithm	
		Quantum error correction using repetition codes	
	4.2	·	
		3 qubit codes, Shor's 9 qubit error correction Code	
5.0		Quantum Hardware	10
	5.1	Ion Trap Qubits ,The DiVincenzo Criteria , Lagrangian and	
		Hamiltonian Dynamics in a Nutshell: Dynamics of a Translating	
	5.2	Rotor	
		Quantum Mechanics of a Free Rotor: A Poor Person's Atomic	
	5.3	Model: Rotor Dynamics and the Hadamard Gate, Two-Qubit Gates	
		The Cirac-Zoller Mechanism: Quantum Theory of Simple	
		Harmonic Motion, A Phonon-Qubit Pair Hamiltonian, Light- Induced Rotor-Phonon Interactions, Trapped Ion Qubits, Mølmer-	
		Sørenson Coupling	
	5.4	Cavity Quantum Electrodynamics (cQED): Eigenstates of the	
		Jaynes-Cummings Hamiltonian	
		Circuit QED (cirQED): Quantum LC Circuits, Artificial Atoms,	
		Superconducting Qubits	
	I	Quantum computing with spins:	
I			
		Quantum inverter realized with two exchange coupled spins in	
		quantum dots, A 2-qubit spintronic universal quantum gate.	0.2
6.0			03
6.0	6.1	quantum dots, A 2-qubit spintronic universal quantum gate.	03
6.0	6.1	quantum dots, A 2-qubit spintronic universal quantum gate. OSS Toolkits for implementing Quantum program	03
6.0	6.1	quantum dots, A 2-qubit spintronic universal quantum gate. OSS Toolkits for implementing Quantum program IBM quantum experience	03

Text	Textbooks:			
1	Michael A. Nielsen, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information", Cambridge University Press.			
2	,			
	David McMahon, "Quantum Computing Explained", Wiley ,2008			
3	Qiskit textbook https://qiskit.org/textbook-beta/			
4	Vladimir Silva, Practical Quantum Computing for Developers,2018			

References:				
1	Bernard Zygelman, A First Introduction to Quantum Computing and Information, 2018			
2	Supriyo Bandopadhyay and Marc Cahy, "Introduction to Spintronics", CRC Press, 2008			
3	The Second Quantum Revolution: From Entanglement to Quantum Computing and Other Super-Technologies, Lars Jaeger			
4	La Guardia, Giuliano Gladioli "Quantum Error correction codes" Springer, 2021			

Digital References:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs103/preview

https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=quantum%20computing

https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/1617/QuantComp/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
- 2 All question carries equal marks
- Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4 Only Four question need to be solved.
- In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDC7013	Natural Language Processing	03

Pre-r	Pre-requisite: Theory of Computer Science, System Programming & Compiler Construction				
Cour	e Objectives: The course aims				
1	To define natural language processing and to learn various stages of natural language processing.				
2	To describe basic concepts and algorithmic description of the main language levels: Morphology, Syntax, Semantics, and Pragmatics & Discourse analysis.				
3	To design and implement various language models and POS tagging techniques.				
4	To design and learn NLP applications such as Information Extraction, Question answering.				
5	To design and implement applications based on natural language processing.				
Cour	e Outcomes: Students will be able				
1	To describe the field of natural language processing.				
2	To design language model for word level analysis for text processing.				
3	To design various POS tagging techniques and parsers.				
4	To design, implement and test algorithms for semantic and pragmatic analysis.				
5	To formulate the discourse segmentation and anaphora resolution.				
6	6 To apply NLP techniques to design real world NLP applications.				

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1	1.1	Introduction to NLP	3
		Origin & History of NLP; Language, Knowledge and Grammar in	
		language processing; Stages in NLP; Ambiguities and its types in	
		English and Indian Regional Llanguages; Challenges of	
		NLP;Applications of NLP	
	1.2	Self-Learning topics: Variety types of tools for regional languages pre-processing and other functionalities	
2	2.1	Word Level Analysis	9
		Basic Terms: Tokenization, Stemming, Lemmatization; Survey of	
		English Morphology, Inflectional Morphology, Derivational	
		Morphology; Regular expression with types;	
		Morphological Models: Dictionary lookup, finite state morphology;	
		Morphological parsing with FST (Finite State Transducer);Lexicon	
		free FST Porter Stemmer algorithm; Grams and its variation: Bigram,	
		Trigram; Simple (Unsmoothed) N-grams;	
		N-gram Sensitivity to the Training Corpus; Unknown Words: Open versus closed vocabulary tasks; Evaluating N-grams: Perplexity;	

		Smoothing: Laplace Smoothing, Good-Turing Discounting;	
	2.2	Self-Learning topics: Noisy channel models, various edit distance, Advance Issues in Language Modelling	
3	3.1	Syntax analysis	10
	0.12	Part-Of-Speech tagging(POS); Tag set for English (Upenn Treebank); Difficulties /Challenges in POS tagging; Rule-based, Stochastic and Transformation-based tagging; Generative Model: Hidden Markov Model (HMM Viterbi) for POS tagging;	
		Issues in HMM POS tagging; Discriminative Model: Maximum Entropy model, Conditional random Field (CRF); Parsers: Top down and Bottom up; Modelling constituency; Bottom Up Parser: CYK, PCFG (Probabilistic Context Free Grammar), Shift Reduce Parser; Top Down Parser: Early Parser, Predictive Parser	
	3.2	Self-Learning topics: Evaluating parsers, Parsers based language modelling, Regional languages POS tree banks	
4	4.1	Semantic Analysis	7
		Introduction, meaning representation; Lexical Semantics; Corpus study; Study of Various language dictionaries like WorldNet, Babelnet; Relations among lexemes & their senses –Homonymy, Polysemy, Synonymy, Hyponymy; Semantic Ambiguity; Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD); Knowledge based approach(Lesk's Algorithm), Supervised (Naïve Bayes, Decision List), Introduction to Semi-supervised method (Yarowsky) Unsupervised (Hyperlex)	
	4.2	Self-Learning topics: Dictionaries for regional languages, Distributional Semantics, Topic Models	
5	5.1	Pragmatic & Discourse Processing	5
		Discourse: Reference Resolution, Reference Phenomena, Syntactic & Semantic constraint on coherence; Anaphora Resolution using Hobbs and Cantering Algorithm	
	5.2	Self-Learning topics: Discourse segmentation, Conference resolution	
6	6.1	Applications of NLP	5
		Case studies on (preferable in regional language):Machine translation; Text Summarization; Sentiment analysis; Information retrieval; Question Answering system	
	6.2	Self-Learning topics: Applications based on Deep Neural Network with NLP such as LSTM network, Recurrent Neural network etc.	

Textbooks:		
1	Daniel Jurafsky, James H. and Martin, Speech and Language Processing, Second Edition,	
	Prentice Hall, 2008.	
2	Christopher D.Manning and HinrichSchutze, Foundations of Statistical Natural Language	
	Processing, MIT Press, 1999.	
Refe	erences:	
1	Siddiqui and Tiwary U.S., Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, Oxford	
	University Press, 2008.	
2	Daniel M Bikel and ImedZitouni — Multilingual natural language processing applications:	

	from theory to practice, IBM Press, 2013.	
3	Alexander Clark, Chris Fox, Shalom Lappin — The Handbook of Computational	
	Linguistics and Natural Language Processing, John Wiley and Sons, 2012.	
4	Nitin Indurkhya and Fred J. Damerau, —Handbook of Natural Language Processing,	
	Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.	
5	Niel J le Roux and SugnetLubbe, A step by step tutorial: An introduction into R	
	application and programming.	
6	Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, Natural language processing with Python:	
	analyzing text with the natural language toolkit, O'Reilly Media, 2009.	

Digital References :		
1	http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~cs626-449	
2	http://cse24-iiith.virtual-labs.ac.in/#	
3.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105158	

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

- 1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

 Course Code
 Course Name
 Credit

 CSDC7021
 Augmented and Virtual Reality
 03

Prerequisite: Computer Graphics				
Cours	se Objectives: The course aims:			
1	To understand the need and significance of Virtual Reality.			
2	To explore the concepts of Virtual reality and develop 3D virtual environments.			
3	To understand the technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems.			
4	To analyze various techniques for applying virtual reality.			
5	To provide a foundation to the fast growing field of AR and make the students aware of the			
	various AR devices.			
Cours	se Outcomes: Learners will be able to			
1:	Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR			
2:	Elaborate geometric presentation of the virtual world and its operations.			
3:	Explain the concepts of motion and tracking in VR systems.			
4:	Design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems tobe built.			
5:	Describe how AR systems work and analyze the hardware requirement of AR			
6:	Analyze and understand the working of various state of the art AR devices.			

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Virtual Reality	5
	What is virtual reality? ,The beginnings of VR , VR paradigms ,	
	Collaboration, Virtual reality systems, Representation, User interaction	
2	The Geometry of Virtual Worlds	6
	Geometric Models, Changing Position and Orientation, Axis-Angle	
	Representations of Rotation, Viewing Transformations, Chaining the	
	Transformations	
3	Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds	6
	Velocities and Accelerations, The Vestibular System, Physics in the Virtual	
	World, Mismatched Motion and Vection	
4	Applying Virtual Reality	7
	Virtual reality: the medium, Form and genre, What makes an application a	
	good candidate for VR, Promising application fields, Demonstrated benefits	
	of virtual reality , More recent trends in virtual reality application	
	development, A framework for VR application development	
5	Augmented Reality	8
	Terminology, Simple augmented reality, Augmented reality as an emerging	
	technology, Augmented reality applications, Marker detection, Marker pose,	
	Marker types and identification: Template markers, 2D bar-code markers,	
	Imperceptible markers: Image markers, Infrared markers, Miniature markers,	
	Discussion on marker use, General marker detection application	
6	AR Development & Applications	

User interfaces, Avoiding physical contacts, Practical experiences with
head-mounted displays, Authoring and dynamic content, AR applications
and future visions, How to design an AR application ,Technology adoption
and acceptance, Where to use augmented reality

Text	Textbooks:			
1	Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016			
2	Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and			
	Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann			
	Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002			
3	Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B			
	Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.			
4	Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality SanniSiltanen			
Refe	rences:			
1	AR Game Development , 1st Edition, Allan Fowler, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-			
	1484236178			
2	Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education			
	India;			
	First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494			
3	Learning Virtual Reality, Tony Parisi,O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2015, ISBN- 9781491922835			

Digital Useful Links				
1	https://freevideolectures.com/course/3693/virtual-reality			
2	https://www.vrlabacademy.com/			
3	https://arvr.google.com/ar/			
4	https://konterball.com/			

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (0.2 to 0.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDC7022	Blockchain	3

Pr	Prerequisite: Cryptography and System Security		
Co	Course Objectives:		
1	Understand blockchain platforms and its terminologies.		
2	Understand the use of cryptography required for blockchain.		
3	Understand smart contracts, wallets, and consensus protocols.		
4	Design and develop blockchain applications		
Co	ourse Outcomes:		
1	Explain blockchain concepts.		
2	Apply cryptographic hash required for blockchain.		
3	Apply the concepts of smart contracts for an application.		
4	Design a public blockchain using Ethereum.		
5	Design a private blockchain using Hyperledger.		
6	Use different types of tools for blockchain applications.		

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction to Blockchain	6
	1.1	What is a blockchain, Origin of blockchain (cryptographically secure	
		hash functions), Foundation of blockchain: Merkle trees	
	1.2	Components of blockchain, Block in blockchain, Types: Public,	
		Private, and Consortium, Consensus Protocol, Limitations and	
		Challenges of blockchain	
2		Cryptocurrency	6
	2.1	Cryptocurrency: Bitcoin, Altcoin, and Tokens (Utility and Security),	
		Cryptocurrency wallets: Hot and cold wallets, Cryptocurrency usage,	
		Transactions in Blockchain, UTXO and double spending problem	
	2.2	Bitcoin blockchain: Consensus in Bitcoin, Proof-of-Work (PoW),	
		Proof-of-Burn (PoB), Proof-of-Stake (PoS), and Proof-of-Elapsed	
		Time (PoET), Life of a miner, Mining difficulty, Mining pool and its	
		methods	
3		Programming for Blockchain	8
	3.1	Introduction to Smart Contracts, Types of Smart Contracts, Structure	
		of a Smart Contract, Smart Contract Approaches, Limitations of	
		Smart Contracts	
	3.2	Introduction to Programming: Solidity Programming – Basics,	
		functions, Visibility and Activity Qualifiers, Address and Address	
		Payable, Bytes and Enums, Arrays-Fixed and Dynamic Arrays,	
		Special Arrays-Bytes and strings, Struct, Mapping, Inheritance, Error	
		handling	
	3.3	Case Study - Voting Contract App, Preparing for smart contract	
		development	

4		Public Blockchain	8
		Introduction to Public Blockchain, Ethereum and its Components,	
		Mining in Ethereum, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Transaction,	
		Accounts, Architecture and Workflow, Comparison between Bitcoin	
		and Ethereum	
		Types of test-networks used in Ethereum, Transferring Ethers using	
		Metamask, Mist Wallet, Ethereum frameworks, Case study of	
		Ganache for Ethereum blockchain. Exploring etherscan.io and ether	
		block structure	
5		Private Blockchain	8
	5.1	Introduction, Key characteristics, Need of Private Blockchain, Smart	
		Contract in a Private Environment, State Machine Replication,	
		Consensus Algorithms for Private Blockchain - PAXOS and RAFT,	
		Byzantine Faults: Byzantine Fault Tolerant (BFT) and Practical BFT	
	5.2	Introduction to Hyperledger, Tools and Frameworks, Hyperledger	
		Fabric, Comparison between Hyperledger Fabric & Other	
		Technologies	
	5.3	Hyperledger Fabric Architecture, Components of Hyperledger Fabric:	
		MSP, Chain Codes, Transaction Flow, Working of Hyperledger	
		Fabric, Creating Hyperledger Network, Case Study of Supply Chain	
		Management using Hyperledger	
6		Tools and Applications of Blockchain	3
		Corda, Ripple, Quorum and other Emerging Blockchain Platforms,	
		Blockchain in DeFi: Case Study on any of the Blockchain Platforms.	

Te	xtbooks:				
1	Blockchain Technology, Chandramouli Subramanian, Asha A. George, Abhillash K. A and				
	Meena Karthikeyen, Universities Press.				
2	Mastering Ethereum, Building Smart Contract and Dapps, Andreas M. Antonopoulos Dr.				
	Gavin Wood, O'reilly.				
3	3 Imran Bashir, Mastering Blockchain: A deep dive into distributed ledgers, consensus				
	protocols, smart contracts, DApps, cryptocurrencies, Ethereum, and more, 3rd Edition, Packt				
	Publishing				
Re	References:				
1	Blockchain for Beginners, Yathish R and Tejaswini N, SPD				
2	Blockchain Basics, A non Technical Introduction in 25 Steps, Daniel Drescher, Apress.				
3	Blockchain with Hyperledger Fabric, Luc Desrosiers, Nitin Gaur, Salman A. Baset,				
	Venkatraman Ramakrishna, Packt Publishing				

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

En	d Semester Theory Examination:		
1	1 Question paper will comprise a total of six questions.		
2	All question carries equal marks		
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then		
	part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)		
4	Only Four question need to be solved.		
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of respective		
	lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.		

Dig	gital Useful Links	
1	Blockchain By Example, Bellaj Badr, Richard Horrocks, Xun (Brian) Wu, November 2018,	
	Implement decentralized blockchain applications to build scalable Dapps.	
2	Blockchain for Business, https://www.ibm.com/downloads/cas/3EGWKGX7 .	
3	https://www.hyperledger.org/use/fabric	
4	4 NPTEL: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cs63/preview	

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDC7023	Information Retrieval	03

Prer	Prerequisite: Data structures and algorithms		
Cou	Course Objectives: The course aims students :		
1	To learn the fundamentals of Information Retrieval		
2	To analyze various Information retrieval modeling techniques		
3	To understand query processing and its applications		
4	To explore the various indexing and scoring techniques		
5	To assess the various evaluation methods		
6	To analyze various information retrieval for real world application		
Cou	rse Outcomes: Learner will be able to: -		
1	Define and describe the basic concepts of the Information retrieval system.		
2	Design the various modeling techniques for information retrieval systems.		
3	Understand the query structure and various query operations		
4	Analyzing the indexing and scoring operation in information retrieval systems		
5	Perform the evaluation of information retrieval systems		
6	Analyze various information retrieval for real world application		

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction to Information Retrieval	
	1.1	Introduction to Information Retrieval, Basic Concepts,	
		Information Versus Data, Trends and research issues in	
		information retrieval.	4
	1.2	The retrieval process, Information retrieval in the library, web and	
		digital libraries.	
2		Modeling in Information Retrieval	
	2.1	Taxonomy of Information Retrieval models, Classic Information	
		Retrieval, Alternate set: Theoretical model, Alternative Algebraic	8
		models, Alternative Probabilistic models	
	2.2	Structured text Retrieval models, Models for browsing	
3		Query and Operations in Information Retrieval	
	3.1	Query structures, Keyboard based querying, Pattern matching,	
		Structured queries	8
	3.2	User relevance feedback, Automatic local analysis, Automatic global	
		analysis	
4		Indexing and Scoring in Information Systems	
	4.1	Introduction, Inverted Files, Other Indices for Text, Boolean queries	
		and Introduction to Sequential searching	8

	4.2	Scoring, term weighting and the vector space model, Parametric and	
		zone indexes, Weighted zone scoring, Learning weights, The optimal	
		weight, Term frequency and weighting, Inverse document frequency,	
		Tf-idf weighting.	
		The vector space model for scoring, Queries as vectors, Computing	
		vector scores, Efficient scoring and ranking, Inexact top K document	
		retrieval	
5		Evaluation of Information Retrieval Systems	
	5.1	Information retrieval system evaluation, Standard test collections,	
		Evaluation of unranked retrieval sets, Evaluation of ranked retrieval	
		results, Assessing and justifying the concept of relevance	6
	5.2	System quality and user utility, System issues, Refining a deployed	
		system	
6.		Applications of Information Retrieval Systems	
	6.1.	Introduction to Multimedia Information Retrieval	_
	6.2	Introduction to Distributed Information Retrieval	5

Te	Textbooks:		
1	Modern information retrieval, Baeza-Yates, R. and Ribeiro-Neto, B., 1999. ACM press.		
2	Introduction to Information Retrieval By Christopher D. Manning and PrabhakarRaghavan,		
	Cambridge University Press		
3	Information Storage & Retrieval By Robert Korfhage – John Wiley & Sons		
Re	ferences:		
1	Storage Network Management and Retrieval, VaishaliKhairnar		
2	Introduction to Modern Information Retrieval. G.G. Chowdhury. NealSchuman		
3	Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval by Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S Tiwarey		

Useful Digital Links		eful Digital Links
1 https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs276/		https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs276/
	2 https://www.coursera.org/learn/text-retrieval	

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

- 1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7011	Product Life Cycle Management	03

Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize the students with the need, benefits and components of PLM
- 2. To acquaint students with Product Data Management & PLM strategies
- 3. To give insights into new product development program and guidelines for designing and developing a product
- 4. To familiarize the students with Virtual Product Development

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Gain knowledge about phases of PLM, PLM strategies and methodology for PLM feasibility study and PDM implementation.
- 2. Illustrate various approaches and techniques for designing and developing products.
- 3. Apply product engineering guidelines / thumb rules in designing products for moulding, machining, sheet metal working etc.
- 4. Acquire knowledge in applying virtual product development tools for components, machining and manufacturing plant

Sr. No.	Detailed Contents	
	Introduction to Product Lifecycle Management (PLM):Product Lifecycle	10
	Management (PLM), Need for PLM, Product Lifecycle Phases, Opportunities of	
	Globalization, Pre-PLM Environment, PLM Paradigm, Importance & Benefits	
01	of PLM, Widespread Impact of PLM, Focus and Application, A PLM Project,	
UI	Starting the PLM Initiative, PLM Applications	
	PLM Strategies: Industrial strategies, Strategy elements, its identification, selection and implementation, Developing PLM Vision and PLM Strategy, Change management for PLM	
	Product Design: Product Design and Development Process, Engineering	09
	Design, Organization and Decomposition in Product Design, Typologies of	
	Design Process Models, Reference Model, Product Design in the Context of the	
	Product Development Process, Relation with the Development Process Planning	
	Phase, Relation with the Post design Planning Phase, Methodological Evolution	
02	in Product Design, Concurrent Engineering, Characteristic Features of	
	Concurrent Engineering, Concurrent Engineering and Life Cycle Approach,	
	New Product Development (NPD) and Strategies, Product Configuration and	
	Variant Management, The Design for X System, Objective Properties and	
	Design for X Tools, Choice of Design for X Tools and Their Use in the Design	
	Process	
	Product Data Management (PDM):Product and Product Data, PDM systems	05
03	and importance, Components of PDM, Reason for implementing a PDM system,	
	financial justification of PDM, barriers to PDM implementation	
	Virtual Product Development Tools: For components, machines, and	05
04	manufacturing plants, 3D CAD systems and realistic rendering techniques, Digital mock-up, Model building, Model analysis, Modeling and simulations in	
	Product Design, Examples/Case studies	

	Integration of Environmental Aspects in Product Design: Sustainable	05
	Development, Design for Environment, Need for Life Cycle Environmental	
05	Strategies, Useful Life Extension Strategies, End-of-Life Strategies, Introduction	
	of Environmental Strategies into the Design Process, Life Cycle Environmental	
	Strategies and Considerations for Product Design	
06	Life Cycle Assessment and Life Cycle Cost Analysis: Properties, and	05
	Framework of Life Cycle Assessment, Phases of LCA in ISO Standards, Fields	
	of Application and Limitations of Life Cycle Assessment, Cost Analysis and the	
	Life Cycle Approach, General Framework for LCCA, Evolution of Models for	
	Product Life Cycle Cost Analysis	

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3.** Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only Four questions need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

- 1. John Stark, "Product Lifecycle Management: Paradigm for 21st Century Product Realisation", Springer-Verlag, 2004. ISBN: 1852338105
- 2. Fabio Giudice, Guido La Rosa, Antonino Risitano, "Product Design for the environment-A life cycle approach", Taylor & Francis 2006, ISBN: 0849327229
- 3. Saaksvuori Antti, Immonen Anselmie, "Product Life Cycle Management", Springer, Dreamtech, ISBN: 3540257314
- 4. Michael Grieve, "Product Lifecycle Management: Driving the next generation of lean thinking", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006, ISBN: 0070636265

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7012	Reliability Engineering	03

Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize the students with various aspects of probability theory
- 2. To acquaint the students with reliability and its concepts
- 3. To introduce the students to methods of estimating the system reliability of simple and complex systems
- 4. To understand the various aspects of Maintainability, Availability and FMEA procedure

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Understand and apply the concept of Probability to engineering problems
- 2. Apply various reliability concepts to calculate different reliability parameters
- 3. Estimate the system reliability of simple and complex systems
- 4. Carry out a Failure Mode Effect and Criticality Analysis

Sr. No	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Probability theory: Probability: Standard definitions and concepts; Conditional Probability, Baye's Theorem. Probability Distributions: Central tendency and Dispersion; Binomial, Normal, Poisson, Weibull, Exponential, relations between them and their significance. Measures of Dispersion: Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Variance, Skewness and Kurtosis.	08
02	Reliability Concepts: Reliability definitions, Importance of Reliability, Quality Assurance and Reliability, Bath Tub Curve. Failure Data Analysis: Hazard rate, failure density, Failure Rate, Mean Time To Failure (MTTF), MTBF, Reliability Functions. Reliability Hazard Models: Constant Failure Rate, Linearly increasing, Time Dependent Failure Rate, Weibull Model. Distribution functions and reliability analysis.	08
03	System Reliability: System Configurations: Series, parallel, mixed configuration, k out of n structure, Complex systems.	05
04	Reliability Improvement: Redundancy Techniques: Element redundancy, Unit redundancy, Standby redundancies. Markov analysis. System Reliability Analysis – Enumeration method, Cut-set method, Success Path method, Decomposition method.	08
05	Maintainability and Availability: System downtime, Design for Maintainability: Maintenance requirements, Design methods: Fault Isolation and self-diagnostics, Parts standardization and Interchangeability, Modularization and Accessibility, Repair Vs Replacement. Availability – qualitative aspects.	05
06	Failure Mode, Effects and Criticality Analysis: Failure mode effects analysis, severity/criticality analysis, FMECA examples. Fault tree construction, basic symbols, development of functional reliability block diagram, Fault tree analysis and Event tree Analysis	05

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only **Four questions need to be solved**.

REFERENCES:

- 1. L.S. Srinath, "Reliability Engineering", Affiliated East-Wast Press (P) Ltd., 1985.
- 2. Charles E. Ebeling, "Reliability and Maintainability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. B.S. Dhillion, C. Singh, "Engineering Reliability", John Wiley & Sons, 1980.
- 4. P.D.T. Conor, "Practical Reliability Engg.", John Wiley & Sons, 1985.
- 5. K.C. Kapur, L.R. Lamberson, "Reliability in Engineering Design", John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Murray R. Spiegel, "Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7013	Management Information System	03

Objectives:

- 1. The course is blend of Management and Technical field.
- 2. Discuss the roles played by information technology in today's business and define various technology architectures on which information systems are built
- 3. Define and analyze typical functional information systems and identify how they meet the needs of the firm to deliver efficiency and competitive advantage
- 4. Identify the basic steps in systems development

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Explain how information systems Transform Business
- 2. Identify the impact information systems have on an organization
- 3. Describe IT infrastructure and its components and its current trends
- 4. Understand the principal tools and technologies for accessing information from databases to improve business performance and decision making
- 5. Identify the types of systems used for enterprise-wide knowledge management and how they provide value for businesses

Sr. No.	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction To Information Systems (IS): Computer Based Information Systems, Impact of IT on organizations, Importance of IS to Society. Organizational Strategy, Competitive Advantages and IS	4
02	Data and Knowledge Management: Database Approach, Big Data, Data warehouse and Data Marts, Knowledge Management Business intelligence (BI): Managers and Decision Making, BI for Data analysis and Presenting Results	7
03	Ethical issues and Privacy: Information Security. Threat to IS, and Security Controls	7
04	Social Computing (SC): Web 2.0 and 3.0, SC in business-shopping, Marketing, Operational and Analytic CRM, E-business and E-commerce – B2B B2C. Mobile commerce.	7
05	Computer Networks Wired and Wireless technology, Pervasive computing, Cloud computing model.	6
06	Information System within Organization: Transaction Processing Systems, Functional Area Information System, ERP and ERP support of Business Process. Acquiring Information Systems and Applications: Various System development life cycle models.	8

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3.** Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only **Four questions need to be solved**.

- 1. Kelly Rainer, Brad Prince, Management Information Systems, Wiley
- 2. K.C. Laudon and J.P. Laudon, Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm, 10th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 3. D. Boddy, A. Boonstra, Managing Information Systems: Strategy and Organization, Prentice Hall, 2008

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7014	Design of Experiments	03

- 1. To understand the issues and principles of Design of Experiments (DOE)
- 2. To list the guidelines for designing experiments
- 3. To become familiar with methodologies that can be used in conjunction with experimental designs for robustness and optimization

- 1. Plan data collection, to turn data into information and to make decisions that lead to appropriate action
- 2. Apply the methods taught to real life situations
- 3. Plan, analyze, and interpret the results of experiments

Sr. No	Detailed Contents	Hrs
	Introduction	
01	1.1 Strategy of Experimentation	
	1.2 Typical Applications of Experimental Design	06
	1.3 Guidelines for Designing Experiments	
	1.4 Response Surface Methodology	
	Fitting Regression Models	
	2.1 Linear Regression Models	
	2.2 Estimation of the Parameters in Linear Regression Models	
02	2.3 Hypothesis Testing in Multiple Regression	08
02	2.4 Confidence Intervals in Multiple Regression	
	2.5 Prediction of new response observation	
	2.6 Regression model diagnostics	
	2.7 Testing for lack of fit	
	Two-Level Factorial Designs	
	$3.1 \text{ The } 2^2 \text{ Design}$	
	3.2 The 2 ³ Design	
03	3.3 The General2 ^k Design	07
U.S	3.4 A Single Replicate of the 2 ^k Design	
	3.5 The Addition of Center Points to the 2 ^k Design,	
	3.6 Blocking in the 2 ^k Factorial Design	
	3.7 Split-Plot Designs	
	Two-Level Fractional Factorial Designs	
	4.1 The One-Half Fraction of the 2 ^k Design	
	4.2 The One-Quarter Fraction of the 2 ^k Design	0.7
04	4.3 The General 2 ^{k-p} Fractional Factorial Design	07
	4.4 Resolution III Designs	
	4.5 Resolution IV and V Designs	
	4.6 Fractional Factorial Split-Plot Designs	
	Response Surface Methods and Designs	
05	5.1 Introduction to Response Surface Methodology	07
US	5.2 The Method of Steepest Ascent	
	5.3 Analysis of a Second-Order Response Surface	

	5.4 Experimental Designs for Fitting Response Surfaces	
06	Taguchi Approach 6.1 Crossed Array Designs and Signal-to-Noise Ratios 6.2 Analysis Methods 6.3 Robust design examples	04

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only Four questions need to be solved.

- 1. Raymond H. Mayers, Douglas C. Montgomery, Christine M. Anderson-Cook, Response Surface Methodology: Process and Product Optimization using Designed Experiment, 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2001
- 2. D.C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, 5th edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2001
- 3. George E P Box, J Stuart Hunter, William G Hunter, Statics for Experimenters: Design, Innovation and Discovery, 2nd Ed. Wiley
- 4. W J Dimond, Peactical Experiment Designs for Engineers and Scintists, John Wiley and Sons Inc. ISBN: 0-471-39054-2
- 5. Design and Analysis of Experiments (Springer text in Statistics), Springer by A.M. Dean, and D. T.Voss

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7015	Operations Research	03

- 1. Formulate a real-world problem as a mathematical programming model.
- 2. Understand the mathematical tools that are needed to solve optimization problems.
- 3. Use mathematical software to solve the proposed models.

- 1. Understand the theoretical workings of the simplex method, the relationship between a linear program and its dual, including strong duality and complementary slackness.
- 2. Perform sensitivity analysis to determine the direction and magnitude of change of a model's optimal solution as the data change.
- 3. Solve specialized linear programming problems like the transportation and assignment problems, solve network models like the shortest path, minimum spanning tree, and maximum flow problems.
- 4. Understand the applications of integer programming and a queuing model and compute important performance measures

Sr. No.	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction to Operations Research: Introduction, , Structure of the Mathematical Model, Limitations of Operations Research Linear Programming: Introduction, Linear Programming Problem, Requirements of LPP, Mathematical Formulation of LPP, Graphical method, Simplex Method Penalty Cost Method or Big M-method, Two Phase Method, Revised simplex method, Duality, Primal – Dual construction, Symmetric and Asymmetric Dual, Weak Duality Theorem, Complimentary Slackness Theorem, Main Duality Theorem, Dual Simplex Method, Sensitivity Analysis Transportation Problem: Formulation, solution, unbalanced Transportation problem. Finding basic feasible solutions – Northwest corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method. Optimality test: the stepping stone method and MODI method. Assignment Problem: Introduction, Mathematical Formulation of the Problem, Hungarian Method Algorithm, Processing of n Jobs Through Two Machines and m Machines, Graphical Method of Two Jobs m Machines Problem Routing Problem, Travelling Salesman Problem Integer Programming Problem: Introduction, Types of Integer Programming Problems, Gomory's cutting plane Algorithm, Branch and Bound Technique. Introduction to Decomposition algorithms.	14
02	Queuing models: queuing systems and structures, single server and multi-server models, Poisson input, exponential service, constant rate service, finite and infinite population	05
03	Simulation: Introduction, Methodology of Simulation, Basic Concepts, Simulation Procedure, Application of Simulation Monte-Carlo Method: Introduction, Monte-Carlo Simulation, Applications of Simulation, Advantages	05

	of Simulation, Limitations of Simulation	
04	Dynamic programming . Characteristics of dynamic programming. Dynamic programming approach for Priority Management employment smoothening, capital budgeting, Stage Coach/Shortest Path, cargo loading and Reliability problems.	05
05	Game Theory . Competitive games, rectangular game, saddle point, minimax (maximin) method of optimal strategies, value of the game. Solution of games with saddle points, dominance principle. Rectangular games without saddle point – mixed strategy for 2 X 2 games.	05
06	Inventory Models : Classical EOQ Models, EOQ Model with Price Breaks, EOQ with Shortage, Probabilistic EOQ Model,	05

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only Four questions need to be solved.

- 1. Taha, H.A. "Operations Research An Introduction", Prentice Hall, (7th Edition), 2002.
- 2. Ravindran, A, Phillips, D. T and Solberg, J. J. "Operations Research: Principles and Practice", John Willey and Sons, 2nd Edition, 2009
- 3. Hiller, F. S. and Liebermann, G. J. "Introduction to Operations Research", Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 4. Operations Research, S. D. Sharma, KedarNath Ram Nath-Meerut
- 5. Operations Research, KantiSwarup, P. K. Gupta and Man Mohan, Sultan Chand & Sons

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7016	Cyber Security and Laws	03

- 1. To understand and identify different types cybercrime and cyber law
- 2. To recognized Indian IT Act 2008 and its latest amendments
- 3. To learn various types of security standards compliances

- 1. Understand the concept of cybercrime and its effect on outside world
- 2. Interpret and apply IT law in various legal issues
- 3. Distinguish different aspects of cyber law
- 4. Apply Information Security Standards compliance during software design and development

Sr. No.	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction to Cybercrime: Cybercrime definition and origins of the world, Cybercrime and information security, Classifications of cybercrime, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A global Perspective on cybercrimes.	4
02	Cyber offenses & Cybercrime: How criminal plan the attacks, Social Engg, Cyber stalking, Cyber café and Cybercrimes, Botnets, Attack vector, Cloud computing, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit Card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication Service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Devices-Related Security Issues, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops	9
03	Tools and Methods Used in Cyberline Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Over Flow, Attacks on Wireless Networks, Phishing, Identity Theft (ID Theft)	6
04	The Concept of Cyberspace E-Commerce, The Contract Aspects in Cyber Law, The Security Aspect of Cyber Law, The Intellectual Property Aspect in Cyber Law , The Evidence Aspect in Cyber Law, The Criminal Aspect in Cyber Law, Global Trends in Cyber Law, Legal Framework for Electronic Data Interchange Law Relating to Electronic Banking, The Need for an Indian Cyber Law	8
05	Indian IT Act. Cyber Crime and Criminal Justice: Penalties, Adjudication and Appeals Under the IT Act, 2000, IT Act. 2008 and its Amendments	6
06	Information Security Standard compliances SOX, GLBA, HIPAA, ISO, FISMA, NERC, PCI.	6

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only **Four questions need to be solved**.

- 1. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, Cyber Security, Wiley India, New Delhi
- 2. The Indian Cyber Law by Suresh T. Vishwanathan; Bharat Law House New Delhi
- 3. The Information technology Act, 2000; Bare Act- Professional Book Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes By Advocate Prashant Mali; Snow White Publications, Mumbai
- 5. Nina Godbole, Information Systems Security, Wiley India, New Delhi
- 6. Kennetch J. Knapp, *Cyber Security & Global Information Assurance* Information Science Publishing.
- 7. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson Publication
- 8. Websites for more information is available on : The Information Technology ACT, 2008- TIFR : https://www.tifrh.res.in
- 9. Website for more information , A Compliance Primer for IT professional : https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/compliance/compliance-primer-professionals-33538

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7017	Disaster Management and Mitigation Measures	03

- 1. To understand physics and various types of disaster occurring around the world
- 2. To identify extent and damaging capacity of a disaster
- 3. To study and understand the means of losses and methods to overcome /minimize it.
- 4. To understand role of individual and various organization during and after disaster
- 5. To understand application of GIS in the field of disaster management
- 6. To understand the emergency government response structures before, during and after disaster

- 1. Get to know natural as well as manmade disaster and their extent and possible effects on the economy.
- 2. Plan of national importance structures based upon the previous history.
- 3. Get acquainted with government policies, acts and various organizational structure associated with an emergency.
- 4. Get to know the simple do's and don'ts in such extreme events and act accordingly.

Sr. No.	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction 1.1 Definition of Disaster, hazard, global and Indian scenario, general perspective, importance of study in human life, Direct and indirect effects of disasters, long term effects of disasters. Introduction to global warming and climate change.	03
02	Natural Disaster and Manmade disasters: 2.1 Natural Disaster: Meaning and nature of natural disaster, Flood, Flash flood, drought, cloud burst, Earthquake, Landslides, Avalanches, Volcanic eruptions, Mudflow, Cyclone, Storm, Storm Surge, climate change, global warming, sea level rise, ozone depletion 2.2 Manmade Disasters: Chemical, Industrial, Nuclear and Fire Hazards. Role of growing population and subsequent industrialization, urbanization and changing lifestyle of human beings in frequent occurrences of manmade disasters.	09
03	Disaster Management, Policy and Administration 3.1 Disaster management: meaning, concept, importance, objective of disaster management policy, disaster risks in India, Paradigm shift in disaster management. 3.2 Policy and administration: Importance and principles of disaster management policies, command and co-ordination of in disaster management, rescue operations-how to start with and how to proceed in due course of time, study of flowchart showing the entire process.	06
04	Institutional Framework for Disaster Management in India: 4.1 Importance of public awareness, Preparation and execution of emergency management program. Scope and responsibilities of National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) and National disaster management authority (NDMA) in India. Methods and measures to avoid disasters, Management of casualties, set up of emergency facilities, importance of effective communication amongst different agencies in such situations.	06

	4.2 Use of Internet and softwares for effective disaster management. Applications of GIS, Remote sensing and GPS in this regard.	
05	Financing Relief Measures: 5.1 Ways to raise finance for relief expenditure, role of government agencies and NGO's in this process, Legal aspects related to finance raising as well as overall management of disasters. Various NGO's and the works they have carried out in the past on the occurrence of various disasters, Ways to approach these teams. 5.2 International relief aid agencies and their role in extreme events.	09
06	 Preventive and Mitigation Measures: 6.1 Pre-disaster, during disaster and post-disaster measures in some events in general 6.2 Structural mapping: Risk mapping, assessment and analysis, sea walls and embankments, Bio shield, shelters, early warning and communication 6.3 Non Structural Mitigation: Community based disaster preparedness, risk transfer and risk financing, capacity development and training, awareness and education, contingency plans. 6.4 Do's and don'ts in case of disasters and effective implementation of relief aids. 	06

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- **3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only **Four questions need to be solved**.

REFERENCES:

- 1. 'Disaster Management' by Harsh K.Gupta, Universities Press Publications.
- 2. 'Disaster Management: An Appraisal of Institutional Mechanisms in India' by O.S.Dagur, published by Centre for land warfare studies, New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. 'Introduction to International Disaster Management' by Damon Copolla, Butterworth Heinemann Elsevier Publications.
- 4. 'Disaster Management Handbook' by Jack Pinkowski, CRC Press Taylor and Francis group.
- 5. 'Disaster management & rehabilitation' by Rajdeep Dasgupta, Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. 'Natural Hazards' and Disaster Management, Vulnerability and Mitigation R B Singh, Rawat Publications
- 7. Concepts and Techniques of GIS –C.P.Lo Albert, K.W. Yonng Prentice Hall (India) Publications.

(Learners are expected to refer reports published at national and International level and updated information available on authentic web sites)

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO 7018	Energy Audit and Management	03

- 1. To understand the importance energy security for sustainable development and the fundamentals of energy conservation.
- 2. To introduce performance evaluation criteria of various electrical and thermal installations to facilitate the energy management
- 3. To relate the data collected during performance evaluation of systems for identification of energy saving opportunities.

- 1. To identify and describe present state of energy security and its importance.
- 2. To identify and describe the basic principles and methodologies adopted in energy audit of an utility.
- 3. To describe the energy performance evaluation of some common electrical installations and identify the energy saving opportunities.
- 4. To describe the energy performance evaluation of some common thermal installations and identify the energy saving opportunities
- 5. To analyze the data collected during performance evaluation and recommend energy saving measures

Sr. No	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Energy Scenario: Present Energy Scenario, Energy Pricing, Energy Sector Reforms, Energy Security, Energy Conservation and its Importance, Energy Conservation Act-2001 and its Features. Basics of Energy and its various forms, Material and Energy balance	04
02	Energy Audit Principles: Definition, Energy audit- need, Types of energy audit, Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, Bench marking, Energy performance, Matching energy use to requirement, Maximizing system efficiencies, Optimizing the input energy requirements, Fuel and energy substitution. Elements of monitoring& targeting; Energy audit Instruments; Data and information-analysis. Financial analysis techniques: Simple payback period, NPV, Return on investment (ROI), Internal rate of return (IRR)	08
03	Energy Management and Energy Conservation in Electrical System: Electricity billing, Electrical load management and maximum demand Control; Power factor improvement, Energy efficient equipments and appliances, star ratings. Energy efficiency measures in lighting system, Lighting control: Occupancy sensors, daylight integration, and use of intelligent controllers. Energy conservation opportunities in: water pumps, industrial drives, induction motors, motor retrofitting, soft starters, variable speed drives.	10
04	Energy Management and Energy Conservation in Thermal Systems: Review of different thermal loads; Energy conservation opportunities in: Steam distribution system, Assessment of steam distribution losses, Steam leakages, Steam trapping, Condensate and flash steam recovery system. General fuel economy measures in Boilers and furnaces, Waste heat recovery,	10

	use of insulation- types and application. HVAC system: Coefficient of performance, Capacity, factors affecting Refrigeration and Air Conditioning system performance and savings opportunities.	
05	Energy Performance Assessment: On site Performance evaluation techniques, Case studies based on: Motors and variable speed drive, pumps, HVAC system calculations; Lighting System: Installed Load Efficacy Ratio (ILER) method, Financial Analysis.	04
06	Energy conservation in Buildings: Energy Conservation Building Codes (ECBC): Green Building, LEED rating, Application of Non-Conventional and Renewable Energy Sources	03

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only Four questions need to be solved.

- 1. Handbook of Electrical Installation Practice, Geofry Stokes, Blackwell Science
- 2. Designing with light: Lighting Handbook, By Anil Valia, Lighting System
- 3. Energy Management Handbook, By W.C. Turner, John Wiley and Sons
- 4. Handbook on Energy Audits and Management, edited by A. K. Tyagi, Tata Energy Research Institute (TERI).
- 5. Energy Management Principles, C.B.Smith, Pergamon Press
- 6. Energy Conservation Guidebook, Dale R. Patrick, S. Fardo, Ray E. Richardson, Fairmont Press
- 7. Handbook of Energy Audits, Albert Thumann, W. J. Younger, T. Niehus, CRC Press
- 8. www.energymanagertraining.com
- 9. www.bee-india.nic.in

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7019	Development Engineering	03

- To understand the characteristics of rural Society and the Scope, Nature and Constraints of rural Development.
- 2. To study Implications of 73rd CAA on Planning, Development and Governance of Rural Areas
- 3. An exploration of human values, which go into making a 'good' human being, a 'good' professional, a 'good' society and a 'good life' in the context of work life and the personal life of modern Indian professionals
- 4. To understand the Nature and Type of Human Values relevant to Planning Institutions

- 1. Apply knowledge for Rural Development.
- 2. Apply knowledge for Management Issues.
- 3. Apply knowledge for Initiatives and Strategies
- 4. Develop acumen for higher education and research.
- 5. Master the art of working in group of different nature.
- 6. Develop confidence to take up rural project activities independently

Sr.	Module Contents	Hrs
No.		
01	Introduction to Rural Development Meaning, nature and scope of development; Nature of rural society in India; Hierarchy of settlements; Social, economic and ecological constraints for rural development Roots of Rural Development in India Rural reconstruction and Sarvodaya programme before independence; Impact of voluntary effort and Sarvodaya Movement on rural development; Constitutional direction, directive principles; Panchayati Raj - beginning of planning and community development; National extension services.	08
02	Post-Independence rural Development Balwant Rai Mehta Committee - three tier system of rural local Government; Need and scope for people's participation and Panchayati Raj; Ashok Mehta Committee - linkage between Panchayati Raj, participation and rural development	04
03	Rural Development Initiatives in Five Year Plans Five Year Plans and Rural Development; Planning process at National, State, Regional and District levels; Planning, development, implementing and monitoring organizations and agencies; Urban and rural interface - integrated approach and local plans; Development initiatives and their convergence; Special component plan and sub-plan for the weaker section; Micro-eco zones; Data base for local planning; Need for decentralized planning; Sustainable rural development.	06
04	Post 73rd Amendment Scenario 73rd Constitution Amendment Act, including - XI schedule, devolution of powers, functions and finance; Panchayati Raj institutions - organizational linkages; Recent changes in rural local planning; Gram Sabha - revitalized Panchayati Raj; Institutionalization; resource mapping, resource mobilization including	04

	social mobilization; Information Technology and rural planning; Need	
	for further amendments.	
05	Values and Science and Technology Material development and its	10
	values; the challenge of science and technology; Values in planning	
	profession, research and education.	
	Types of Values Psychological values — integrated personality; mental	
	health; Societal values — the modern search for a good society; justice,	
	democracy, rule of law, values in the Indian constitution;	
	Aesthetic values — perception and enjoyment of beauty; Moral and	
	ethical values; nature of moral judgment; Spiritual values; different	
	concepts; secular spirituality; Relative and absolute values;	
	Human values— humanism and human values; human rights; human	
	values as freedom, creativity, love and wisdom.	
06	Ethics Canons of ethics; ethics of virtue; ethics of duty; ethics of	04
	responsibility; Work ethics;	
	Professional ethics; Ethics in planning profession, research and	
	education	

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately

40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks
- 2. Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4. Only Four questions need to be solved

References:

- 1. ITPI, Village Planning and Rural Development, ITPI, New Delhi
- 2. Thooyavan, K.R. Human Settlements: A 2005 MA Publication, Chennai
- 3. GoI, Constitution (73rd GoI, New Delhi Amendment) Act, GoI, New Delhi
- 4. Planning Commission, Five Year Plans, Planning Commission
- 5. Planning Commission, Manual of Integrated District Planning, 2006, Planning Commission
 - New Delhi
- 6. Planning Guide to Beginners
- 7. Weaver, R.C., The Urban Complex, Doubleday.
- 8. Farmer, W.P. et al, Ethics in Planning, American Planning Association, Washington.
- 9. How, E., Normative Ethics in Planning, Journal of Planning Literature, Vol.5, No.2, pp. 123-150.
- 10. Watson, V. , Conflicting Rationalities: -- Implications for Planning Theory and Ethics, Planning Theory and Practice, Vol. 4, No.4, pp.395 $-\,407$

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL70011	Machine Learning Lab	1

Pre	Prerequisite: Data Structures, Analysis of Algorithms		
Lal	b Objectives:		
1	To introduce the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning.		
2	To acquire in depth understanding of various supervised and unsupervised algorithms		
3	To be able to apply various ensemble techniques for combining ML models.		
4	To demonstrate dimensionality reduction techniques.		
Lal	Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to		
1	To implement an appropriate machine learning model for the given application.		
2	To implement ensemble techniques to combine predictions from different models.		
3	To implement the dimensionality reduction techniques.		

Suggeste	ed List of Experiments
Sr. No.	Title of Experiment
1	To implement Linear Regression.
2	To implement Logistic Regression.
3	To implement Ensemble learning (bagging/boosting)
4	To implement multivariate Linear Regression.
5	To implement SVM
6	To implement PCA/SVD/LDA
7	To implement Graph Based Clustering
8	To implement DB Scan
9	To implement CART
10	To implement LDA

Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 6 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include one mini project/case study on any machine learning application.
- 3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments & Assignments: 15-marks, Attendance: 05-marks, mini project: 05-marks)

Oral & Practical exam.

Based on the entire syllabus CSC7011 Machine Learning and CSL7011: Machine Learning Lab

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL7012	Big Data Analytics Lab	1

D	was winter C Due supposition I are suppose				
Pre	Prerequisite: C Programming Language.				
Lal	b Objectives: Students will be able to				
1	Solve Big Data problems using Map Reduce Technique and apply to various algorithms.				
2	Identify various types of NoSQL databases and execute NOSQL commands				
3	Understand implementation of various analytic techniques using Hive/PIG/R/Tableau, etc.				
4	Apply streaming analytics to real time applications.				
Lal	b Outcomes:				
1	To interpret business models and scientific computing paradigms, and apply software tools for				
	big data analytics.				
2	To implement algorithms that uses Map Reduce to apply on structured and unstructured data				
3	To perform hands-on NoSql databases such as Cassandra, HadoopHbase, MongoDB, etc.				
4	To implement various data streams algorithms.				
5	To develop and analyze the social network graphs with data visualization techniques.				

	d List of Experiments elect a case study and perform the experiments 1 to 8.).
St	ar (*) marked experiments are compulsory.
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1*	Hadoop HDFS Practical:
	-HDFS Basics, Hadoop Ecosystem Tools Overview.
	-Installing Hadoop.
	-Copying File to Hadoop.
	-Copy from Hadoop File system and deleting file.
	-Moving and displaying files in HDFS.
	-Programming exercises on Hadoop
2	Use of Sqoop tool to transfer data between Hadoop and relational database servers.
	a. Sqoop - Installation.
	b. To execute basic commands of Hadoop eco system componentSqoop.
3*	To install and configure MongoDB/ Cassandra/ HBase/ Hypertable to execute NoSQL commands
4	Experiment on Hadoop Map-Reduce:
	-Write a program to implement a word count program using MapReduce.
5	Experiment on Hadoop Map-Reduce:
	-Implementing simple algorithms in Map-Reduce: Matrix multiplication, Aggregates,
	Joins, Sorting, Searching, etc
6 7*	Create HIVE Database and Descriptive analytics-basic statistics.
/*	Data Stream Algorithms (any one):
	- Implementing DGIM algorithm using any Programming Language
	- Implement Bloom Filter using any programming language
8	Implement Flajolet Martin algorithm using any programming language
ð	Social Network Analysis using R (for example: Community Detection Algorithm)
9	Data Visualization using Hive/PIG/R/Tableau/.
10	Exploratory Data Analysis using Spark/ Pyspark.

Datasets available on the web).
- Streaming data analysis – use flume for data capture, HIVE/PYSpark for analysis of
twitter data, chat data, weblog analysis etc.

- Recommendation System (for example: Health Care System, Stock Market Prediction, Movie Recommendation, etc.)

Mini Project: One real life large data application to be implemented (Use standard

SpatioTemporal DataAnalytics

11*

Useful Links:	
1	https://www.coursera.org/learn/hadoop#syllabus
2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-mongodb#syllabus
3	https://www.coursera.org/learn/data-visualization-tableau?specialization=data-visualization#syllabus
4	https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-to-big-data-with-spark-hadoop#syllabus

Ter	m Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 8 experiments.	
2	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of	
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.	
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of	
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments:	
	15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignment: 05-marks)	
Ora	Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus of and CSC702 : Big Data Analytics and CSL702 Big Data	

Based on the entire syllabus of and CSC702 : Big Data Analytics and CSL702 Big Data Analytics Lab

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7011	Machine Vision Lab	1

Pre	Prerequisite: Computer Graphics, Image Processing, Python	
Lal	Lab Objectives:	
1	To perform basic image processing operations	
2	To explore different preprocessing technique	
3	To develop application related to Machine vision	
4	To detect and recognize objects	
Lab Outcomes:		
1	Students will be able to read image and video file, perform different processing	
2	Students will be able to do edge detection ,depth estimation	
3	Students will be able to choose appropriate algo for segmentation	
4	Students will be able to implement object detection technique	

Sr.No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Handling Files, Cameras, and GUIs
	Basic I/O scripts ,Reading/writing an image file ,Converting between an image and raw
	bytes ,Accessing image data with numpy.array ,Reading/writing a video file ,Capturing
	camera frames,
	Displaying images in a window, Displaying camera frames in a window
2	Processing Images with OpenCV 3
	Converting between different color spaces,
	The Fourier Transform, High pass filter, Low pass filter,
3	Edge detection with Canny,
	Contour detection,
	Contours – bounding box, minimum area rectangle, and minimum enclosing circle
	,Contours – convex contours and the Douglas-Peucker algorithm
	,Line and circle detection
4	Depth Estimation
	Capturing frames from a depth camera
	Creating a mask from a disparity map
	Masking a copy operation
	Depth estimation with a normal camera
5	Object segmentation using the Watershed and GrabCut algorithms
	Example of foreground detection with GrabCut
	Image segmentation with the Watershed algorithm
6	Detecting and Recognizing Faces
	Conceptualizing Haar cascades
	Getting Haar cascade data
	Using OpenCV to perform face detection
	Performing face detection on a still image
7	Performing face detection on video
	Performing face recognition
	Generating the data for face recognition
	Recognizing faces Propering the training date
	Preparing the training data Loading the data and recognizing feeds
	Loading the data and recognizing faces

	Performing an Eigenfaces recognition
8	Retrieving Images and Searching
	Using Image Descriptors,
	Feature detection algorithms,
	Defining features
	Detecting features – corners
	Feature extraction and description using DoG and SIFT
	Anatomy of a keypoint
9	Detecting and Recognizing Objects
	Object detection and recognition techniques
	HOG descriptors
	The scale issue
	The location issue
	Non-maximum (or non-maxima) suppression
	Support vector machines
	People detection
10	Creating and training an object detector
	Bag-of-words
	BOW in computer vision
	Detecting cars in a scene

Re	Reference &Useful Links:	
1	Learning OpenCV 3 Computer Vision with Python Second Edition, by Joe Minichino Joseph	
	Howse Published by Packt Publishing Ltd.	
2	http://iitk.ac.in/ee/computer-vision-lab	
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103174	
4	https://docs.opencv.org/3.4/d9/df8/tutorial_root.html	

Te	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 8 experiments.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.		
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of		
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks,		
	Assignments: 05-marks)		

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7012	Quantum Computing Lab	1

Prerequisite: Python Programming Language. Lab Objectives: 1 To implement fundamental quantum computing concepts 2 To learn quantum computation and quantum information 3 To understand quantum entanglement, quantum algorithms 4 To understand quantum information theory and channels Lab Outcomes: Students will be able to 1 Implement basic quantum computing logic by building dice and random numbers using open source simulation tools. 2 Understand quantum logic gates using open source simulation tools. 3 Implement quantum circuits using open source simulation tools.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments. Faculty may develop their own set of experiments for students. List below is only suggestive.

4 I implement quantum algorithms using open source simulation tools.

develop ti	develop their own set of experiments for students. List below is only suggestive.	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment	
1	Building Quantum dice	
2	Building Quantum Random No. Generation	
3	Composing simple quantum circuits with q-gates and measuring the output into	
	classical bits.	
4	Implementation of Shor's Algorithms	
5	Implementation of Grover's Algorithm	
6	Implementation of Deutsch's Algorithm	
7	Implementation of Deutsch-Jozsa's Algorithm	
8	Quantum Circuits	
9	Qubit Gates	
10	Bell Circuit & GHZ Circuit	
11	Accuracy of Quantum Phase Estimation	
12	Mini Project such as implementing an API for efficient search using Grover's	
	Algorithms or Integer factorization using Shor's Algorithm.	

Use	Useful Links:	
1	IBM Experience: https://quantum-computing.ibm.com/	
2	Microsoft Quantum Development Kit	
	https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/development-kit/quantum-computing/#overview	
3	Forest SDK PyQuil: https://pyquil-docs.rigetti.com/en/stable/	
4	Google Quantum CIRQ https://quantumai.google/cirq	
5	Qiskit Labs IBM https://learn.qiskit.org/course/ch-labs/lab-1-quantum-circuits	

Tei	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.		
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of		
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks,		
	Assignments: 05-marks)		

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7013	Natural Language processing Lab	1

Prere	equisite: Java/Python
Lab (Objectives: The course aims
1	To understand the key concepts of NLP.
2	To learn various phases of NLP.
3	To design and implement various language models and POS tagging techniques.
4	To understand various NLP Algorithms
5	To learn NLP applications such as Information Extraction, Sentiment Analysis, Question answering, Machine translation etc.
6	To design and implement applications based on natural language processing
Lab (Outcomes:Learners will be able
1	Apply various text processing techniques.
2	Design language model for word level analysis.
3	Model linguistic phenomena with formal grammar.
4	Design, implement and analyze NLP algorithms.
5	To apply NLP techniques to design real world NLP applications such as machine translation, sentiment analysis, text summarization, information extraction, Question Answering system etc.
6	Implement proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems.

Suggested	List of Experiments	
(Select a case study and perform the experiments 1 to 8.).		
Star (*) ma	arked experiments are compulsory.	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment	
1	Study various applications of NLP and Formulate the Problem Statement for Mini Project based on chosen real world NLP applications:	
	[Machine Translation, Text Categorization, Text summarization, chat Bot, Plagarism, Spelling & Grammar checkers, Sentiment / opinion analysis, Question answering, Personal Assistant, Tutoring Systems, etc.]	
2	Apply various text preprocessing techniques for any given text: Tokenization and Filtration & Script Validation.	
3	Apply various other text preprocessing techniques for any given text : Stop Word Removal, Lemmatization / Stemming.	
4	Perform morphological analysis and word generation for any given text.	
5	Implement N-Gram model for the given text input.	
6	Study the different POS taggers and Perform POS tagging on the given text.	
7	Perform Chunking for the given text input.	
8	Implement Named Entity Recognizer for the given text input.	
9	Implement Text Similarity Recognizer for the chosen text documents.	

10	Exploratory data analysis of a given text (Word Cloud)
11	Mini Project Report: For any one chosen real world NLP application.
13	Implementation and Presentation of Mini Project

Term Work:

- 1 Study various applications of NLP and Formulate the Problem Statement for Mini Project based on chosen real world NLP applications:
 - [Machine Translation, Text Categorization, Text summarization, chat Bot, Plagarism, Spelling & Grammar checkers, Sentiment / opinion analysis, Question answering, Personal Assistant, Tutoring Systems, etc.]
- 2 Apply various text preprocessing techniques for any given text: Tokenization and Filtration & Script Validation.
- Apply various other text preprocessing techniques for any given text: Stop Word Removal, Lemmatization / Stemming.

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7021	Augmented and Virtual Reality Lab	1

Pr	Prerequisite: Computer Graphics, Image Processing, Python		
La	Lab Objectives:		
1	To perform installation of Unity		
2	To explore working of VR Gadget		
3	To develop scene VR application		
4	To track objects in virtual environment		
La	Lab Outcomes: Learners will be able to		
1	Setup VR development environment		
2	Use HTC Vive/ Google Cardboard/ Google Daydream and Samsung gear VR.		
3	Develop VR scene and place object		
4	Work with Augmented Faces features.		

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 6 experiments.		
Sr.	Name of the Experiment	
No.		
1	Installation of Unity and Visual Studio, setting up Unity for VR development,	
	understanding documentation of the same.	
2	Demonstration of the working of HTC Vive, Google Cardboard, Google Daydream	
	and Samsung gear VR.	
3	Develop a scene in Unity that includes:	
	i. a cube, plane and sphere, apply transformations on the 3 game objects.	
	ii. add a video and audio source	
4	Develop a scene in Unity that includes a cube, plane and sphere. Create a new	
	material and texture separately for three Game objects. Change the colour, material	
	and texture of each Game object separately in the scene. Write a C# program in	
	visual studio to change the colour and material/texture of the game objects	
	dynamically on button click.	
5	Develop a scene in Unity that includes a sphere and plane . Apply Rigid body	
	component, material and Box collider to the game Objects. Write a C# program to	
	grab and throw the sphere using vr controller.	
6	Develop a simple UI(User interface) menu with images, canvas, sprites and button.	
	Write a C# program to interact with UI menu through VR trigger button such that on	
	each successful trigger interaction display a score on scene .	
7	Place a three-dimensional ARCore pawn on detected AR plane surfaces	
8	Using the Augmented Faces feature in your own apps.	

Ter	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 6 experiments.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.		
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory		
	performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks,		
	Assignments: 05-marks)		

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7022	Blockchain Lab	1

Prer	Prerequisite: Cryptography and Network Security	
Lab	Lab Objectives:	
1	To explore Blockchain concepts.	
2	To implement public and private Blockchain.	
3	To create applications using Blockchain.	
Lab	Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to	
1	Creating Cryptographic hash using merkle tree.	
2	Design Smart Contract using Solidity.	
3	Implementing ethereum blockchain using Geth.	
4	Demonstrate the concept of blockchain in real world application.	

Suggeste	Suggested List of Experiments		
Sr. No.	Title of Experiment		
1	Cryptography in Blockchain, Merkle root tree hash		
2	Creating Smart Contract using Solidity and Remix IDE.		
3	Creating Transactions using Solidity and Remix IDE		
4	Embedding wallet and transaction using Solidity		
5	Blockchain platform ethereum using Geth.		
6	Blockchain platform Ganache.		
7	Case Study on Hyperledger		
8	Case Study on Other Blockchain platforms.		
9	Creating a blockchain Application		

Terr	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 8 experiments and one mini project.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of		
	"Blockchain Lab"		
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of		
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks,		
	Assignments: 05-marks)		

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDL7023	Information Retrieval Lab	1

Pr	Prerequisite: Java, Python		
Lab Objectives:			
1	To understand the formation of queries.		
2	To implement the various modeling techniques for IR.		
3	To execute query expansion techniques.		
4	To evaluate Information retrieval systems.		
Lab Outcomes: Students will be able :-			
1	To frame queries for information retrieval		
2	To implement modeling techniques		
3	To perform query expansion techniques		
4	To demonstrate evaluation techniques for IR		

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to perform any 5 experiments from the					
suggest	suggested list along with a case study (* indicates compulsory experiment)				
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment				
1	To understand the query structure and execute various structured queries				
2	To implement any IR modeling technique				
3	To implement Pattern matching method used for IR				
4	To execute query expansion technique (Local/Global)				
5	To design inverted indices for any information retrieval model				
6	To implement tf-id weighting				
7	To evaluate the system/application under study				
8*	To understand the Case Study and generate a report for the same				

Te	Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 5 experiments and 1 case study	
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.	
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of	
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.	
4	Total: 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Case study - 5 marks Attendance Theory	
	& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)	

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSP701	Major Project 1	03

Course Objectives:

The project work facilitates the students to develop and prove Technical, Professional and Ethical skills and knowledge gained during graduation program by applying them from problem identification, analyzing the problem and designing solutions.

Course Outcomes: Learner will able		
1	To develop the understanding of the problem domain through extensive review of literature.	
2	To Identify and analyze the problem in detail to define its scope with problem specific data.	
3	To know various techniques to be implemented for the selected problem and related technical skills through feasibility analysis.	
4	To design solutions for real-time problems that will positively impact society and environment	
5	To develop clarity of presentation based on communication, teamwork and leadership skills.	
6	To inculcate professional and ethical behavior.	

Guidelines:

1. Project Topic Selection and Allocation:

- Project topic selection Process to be defined and followed:
 - o Project orientation can be given at the end of sixth semester.
 - O Students should be informed about the domain and domain experts whose guidance can be taken before selecting projects.
 - Student's should be recommended to refer papers from reputed conferences/ journals like IEEE, Elsevier, ACM etc. which are not more than 3 years old for review of literature.
 - Students can certainly take ideas from anywhere, but be sure that they should evolve them in the unique way to suit their project requirements. Students can be informed to refer Digital India portal, SIH portal or any other hackathon portal for problem selection.
- Topics can be finalized with respect to following criterion:
 - Topic Selection: The topics selected should be novel in nature (Product based, Application based or Research based) or should work towards removing the lacuna in currently existing systems.
 - o **Technology Used:** Use of latest technology or modern tools can be encouraged.
 - Students should not repeat work done previously (work done in the last three years).

- Project work must be carried out by the group of at least 2 students and maximum 4.
- The project work can be undertaken in a research institute or organization/Industry/any business establishment. (out-house projects)
- The project proposal presentations can be scheduled according to the domains and should be judged by faculty who are expert in the domain.
- Head of department and senior staff along with project coordinators will take decision regarding final selection of projects.
- Guide allocation should be done and students have to submit weekly progress report to the internal guide.
- Internal guide has to keep track of the progress of the project and also has to maintain attendance report. This progress report can be used for awarding term work marks.
- o In case of industry/ out-house projects, visit by internal guide will be preferred and external members can be called during the presentation at various levels

2. Project Report Format:

At the end of semester, each group needs to prepare a project report as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.

A project report should preferably contain at least following details:

- o Abstract
- Introduction
- Literature Survey/ Existing system
- o Limitation Existing system or research gap
- o Problem Statement and Objective
- Proposed System
 - o Analysis/Framework/ Algorithm
 - Design details
 - o Methodology (your approach to solve the problem) Proposed System
- o Experimental Set up
 - o Details of Database or details about input to systems or selected data
 - o Performance Evaluation Parameters (for Validation)
 - Software and Hardware Set up
- o Implementation Plan for Next Semester
 - Timeline Chart for Term1 and Term-II (Project Management tools can be used.)
- References

Desirable

Students can be asked to undergo some Certification course (for the technical skill set that will be useful and applicable for projects.)

3. Term Work:

Distribution of marks for term work shall be done based on following:

- Weekly Log Report
- o Project Work Contribution
- o Project Report (Spiral Bound) (both side print)
- o Term End Presentation (Internal)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance on the above aspects.

4. Oral and Practical:

Oral and Practical examination (Final Project Evaluation) of Project 1 should be conducted by Internal and External examiners approved by University of Mumbai at the end of the semester.

Suggested quality evaluation parameters are as follows:

- o Quality of problem selected
- o Clarity of problem definition and feasibility of problem solution
- o Relevance to the specialization / industrial trends
- o Originality
- o Clarity of objective and scope
- o Quality of analysis and design
- o Quality of written and oral presentation
- o Individual as well as team work